ADULT IMMUNIZATION FEES

HEP A	\$30.00	TB \$10.00		
HEP B	\$50.00	Td \$30.00		
IPV	\$35.00	Adacel (Tdap) \$45.00		
MENINGOC	COCCOL MENINGITIS:	Typhoid (oral & injectable) \$50.00		
Menactra:	\$95.00 Menomune: \$75.00			
MMR	\$55.00	Yellow Fever \$75.00		
PNEUMONI	A \$35.00	Blood Draw \$30.00		
TWINRIX A	A/B \$75.00	International Travel Certificate Card \$2.00		
VARICELLA	A \$60.00			

VACCINE	TIMING OF IMMUNIZATIONS					
CHICKENPOX	Two doses are recommended for persons 13 and older who have not had chickenpox. Don't give to					
(Varicella) 1 YR AND UP Give SQ	pregnant women or those considering pregnancy with in 3 months.					
	1st dose 2nd dose 1 to 2 months later					
HEPATITIS A - (Hep A) Give IM	Two doses are needed to ensure long-term protection. Travelers to countries where the disease is common should get the first dose at least 4 weeks prior to departure.					
6110 1111	1st dose (now)		2 nd dose (6 to 12 months later)			
HEPATITIS B - (Hep B) Give IM	1 st dose	2 nd d		5 mont	3rd dose 5 months after 2nd dose	
TWINRIX (Hep A/B)	1st dose	1 month later 2nd dose		3 rd dose (can't use accelerated schedule)		
Give IM (18yrs >)	_	1 month later		5 months or more after 2 nd dose		
INFLUENZA (Flu) Give IM	Given yearly in the fall to people with desire to lower risk of getting influenza. Also recommended for people younger than 65 who have medical problems such as heart disease, lung disease, diabetes, and other chronic conditions, and for others who work or live with high risk individuals.*					
IPV - (INJECTABLE POLIO) Inactivated	The risk of polio in the US is extremely small due to vaccine use. Adult vaccination is only recommended if traveling to a part of the world where polio is still common.					
Give SQ	1 dose after 18 years of age should give immunity.					
MEASLES, MUMPS, RUBELLA (MMR) give SQ Two doses one month apart are recommended for adults born in 1957 and later if immun cannot be proven. Should not be given to women considering pregnancy within 4weeks.						
Menomune (2-10yrs and over 55yrs of age) give SQ Menactra (11-55yrs of age) give IM PNEUMOCOCCAL – Pneumonia Give IM or SQ	at least 1-2 weeks prior to departure. Administer Menomune (MPSV4) to children 2-10 yrs old and adults over 55 who are at risk. Revaccinate in 2-3 years those persons with continued risk of exposure; otherwise revaccination may be considered within 3-5 yrs. Both protect against 4 types of meningococcal including 2 of the 3 most common types. Usually given one time after 65 years of age or older. Also recommended for people younger than 65 who have chronic illnesses such as those listed for influenza, and also those with kidney disorders and sickle cell anemia. A repeat dose 5 years later may be given to those at highest					
ТВ	risk. Can be given at any time during the year. Must be read at least 48 hours after, no longer than 72 hours					
TETANUS, DIPHTHERIA: (<i>Td</i>) if initial series not given during childhood.	One booster given every 10 years if series completed as a child. If dirty injury or overseas travel, booster should be given if greater than 5 years since last dose. 1st dose 2nd dose 3rd dose 6 to 12 months 4 to 6 weeks later 3rd dose 6 to 12 months 4 to 6 weeks later 3rd dose 6 to 12 months 4 to 6 weeks later					
ADACEL (Tdap) ages 11-64 years- give IM	Can be used as a one-time alternative to Td. Follow Td recommendations (i.e. one booster q 10 years or if dirty injury or travel, can boost if greater than 5 years since last dose.					
Boostrix (Tdap) ages 10- 18 years- give IM Should be used as a booster dose for an adolescent (10-1 series. Should be used as a one-time alternative to Td. F since last dose.				e to Td. Five years or	more should have elapsed	
INJECTABLE TYPHOID – Age 2 & over (give IM) ORAL TYPHOID- Age 6 yrs and older. (contaminated food & water/salmonella typhi) YELLOW FEVER	Give injectable typhoid to those persons 2 years of age and older traveling to areas of risk. Should receive the vaccine at least 2 weeks prior to departure. Repeat every two years if continued risk of exposure for IM vaccine. Oral typhoid is a live viral product (booster q 5 years). Must be 6 yrs of age or older. Can't be on any antibiotic when using the oral product! Can take mefloquine, choroquine and malarone with the oral product but not doxycycline . Vaccinate those persons 9 months of age and older, traveling to areas with risk of disease as					
Give SQ (transmitted by mosquitoes)		(See yellow be	ook) Vaccin	ation <u>must be done a</u>	t least 10 days prior to arrival	